

Claims

1. A pressurisation system comprising:
 - a vessel having a chamber for receiving fluid therein, the fluid
5 having a pressure,

a plunger for enclosing a portion of the chamber to form an enclosure,
the enclosure having a volume and the plunger being movably coupled to and
for cooperation with the chamber to reduce the volume of the enclosure; and
10 a positioning device for interacting with the plunger to impede the
reduction of the volume of the enclosure,

wherein when the fluid is enclosed within the enclosure, the plunger
15 cooperates with the chamber to reduce the volume of the enclosure thereby
increasing the pressure of the fluid.
2. The pressurisation system as in claim 1, wherein the chamber is shaped and
dimensioned for the passage of the plunger therethrough and for the
20 reciprocation of the plunger therewithin, the plunger for reciprocating along a
longitudinal axis of the chamber.
3. The pressurisation system as in claim 2, wherein the longitudinal axis of the
chamber is generally parallel to the direction of gravitational acceleration.
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4. The pressurisation system as in claim 2, the chamber having an outlet for
discharging fluid from the enclosure.
5. The pressurisation system as in claim 4, further comprising:
30 an outlet conduit extending from the outlet to a desalination system,
the outlet conduit being in fluid communication with the enclosure; and

an outlet valve having an open position and a closed position for correspondingly permitting and impeding flow of fluid from the enclosure to the desalination system.

- 5 6. The pressurisation system as in claim 2, the chamber having an inlet for introducing fluid into the enclosure.
7. The pressurisation system as in claim 6, further comprising:
 an inlet conduit extending from the inlet to a water source, the water
10 source having a water level and the inlet conduit being in fluid communication with the enclosure; and
- an inlet valve having an open position and a closed position for correspondingly permitting and impeding flow of fluid from the water source
15 to the enclosure.
8. The pressurisation system as in claim 7, wherein the chamber of the vessel is disposed vertically below the water level of the water source.
- 20 9. The pressurisation system as in claim 3, the plunger having a weight for gravitationally applying a compression force to the fluid and thereby reducing the volume of the enclosure and increasing the pressure of the fluid.
10. The pressurisation system as in claim 9, wherein the positioning device
25 comprising:
 a hoist assembly being coupled to the plunger; and
- an actuator being coupled to and for interacting with the hoist
 assembly to position the plunger along the compression axis.
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11. The pressurisation system as in claim 10, wherein the hoist assembly comprising a pulley assembly.

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12. The pressurisation system as in claim 10, wherein the actuator is an electric motor having a brake assembly for interacting with the pulley assembly to impede the reduction of the volume of the enclosure.

- 5 13. A pressurisation method comprising the steps of:

providing a vessel having a chamber;

receiving fluid into the chamber, the fluid having a pressure,

- 10 enclosing a portion of the chamber with a plunger to form an enclosure, the enclosure having a volume, and the plunger being movably coupled to and for cooperation with the chamber to reduce the volume of the enclosure; and

- 15 providing a positioning device for interacting with the plunger to impede the reduction of the volume of the enclosure,

- 20 wherein when the fluid is enclosed within the enclosure, the plunger cooperates with the chamber to reduce the volume of the enclosure thereby increasing the pressure of the fluid.

- 25 14. The pressurisation method as in claim 1, wherein the chamber is shaped and dimensioned for the passage of the plunger therethrough and for the reciprocation of the plunger therewithin, the plunger for reciprocating along a longitudinal axis of the chamber.

15. The pressurisation method as in claim 14, wherein the longitudinal axis of the chamber is generally parallel to the direction of gravitational acceleration.

- 30 16. The pressurisation method as in claim 14, the chamber having an outlet for discharging fluid from the enclosure.

17. The pressurisation method as in claim 16, further comprising the steps of:
providing an outlet conduit extending from the outlet to a desalination
system, the outlet conduit being in fluid communication with the enclosure;
and

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providing an outlet valve having an open position and a closed position
for correspondingly permitting and impeding flow of fluid from the enclosure
to the desalination system.

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18. The pressurisation method as in claim 17, the chamber having an inlet for
introducing fluid into the enclosure.

19. The pressurisation method as in claim 18, further comprising the steps of:
providing an inlet conduit extending from the inlet to a water source,
the water source having a water level and the inlet conduit being in fluid
communication with the enclosure; and

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providing an inlet valve having an open position and a closed position
for correspondingly permitting and impeding flow of fluid from the water
source to the enclosure.

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20. The pressurisation method as in claim 19, wherein the chamber of the vessel is
disposed vertically below the water level of the water source.

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21. The pressurisation method as in claim 15, further comprising a step of
gravitationally applying a compression force to the fluid by the plunger having
a weight and thereby reducing the volume of the enclosure and increasing the
pressure of the fluid.

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22. The pressurisation method as in claim 21, wherein the positioning device
comprising:

a hoist assembly being coupled to the plunger; and

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an actuator being coupled to and for interacting with the hoist assembly to position the plunger along the compression axis.

23. The pressurisation method as in claim 22, wherein the hoist assembly
5 comprising the steps of a pulley assembly.

24. The pressurisation method as in claim 22, wherein the actuator is an electric
motor having a brake assembly for interacting with the pulley assembly to
impede the reduction of the volume of the enclosure.

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25. A pressurisation method for pressurising fluids comprising the steps of:
receiving fluid from a water source into a chamber of a vessel, the
chamber having a longitudinal axis and being formed within the vessel, the
water source having a water level and the fluid having a pressure;

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enclosing a portion of the chamber with a plunger to form an enclosure
having a volume, the plunger having a weight, the fluid received in the
chamber being contained in the enclosure, and the plunger being movable
along the longitudinal axis of the chamber to one of reduce or increase the
20 volume of the enclosure;

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gravitationally applying a force to the fluid by the plunger along the
longitudinal axis of the chamber to reduce the volume of the enclosure and
thereby increasing the pressure of the fluid, the pressure of the fluid being
25 controlled by a positioning device being coupled to the plunger for positioning
the plunger along the longitudinal axis thereby controlling the amount of force
applied to the fluid; and

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providing the pressurised fluid to a desalination system.

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